Handling Infinitely Branching WSTS

Michael Blondin^{1 2}, Alain Finkel¹ & Pierre McKenzie ^{1 2}

¹LSV, ENS Cachan

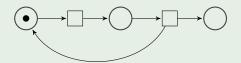
²DIRO, Université de Montréal

July 8, 2014

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Well-structured transition systems (WSTS) encompass a large number of infinite state systems.

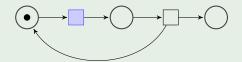
Example of WSTS: Petri nets (Geeraerts, Heußner, Praveen & Raskin PN'13)



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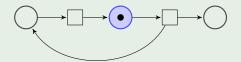




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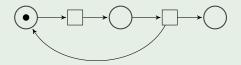




Overview WSTS Reachability problems

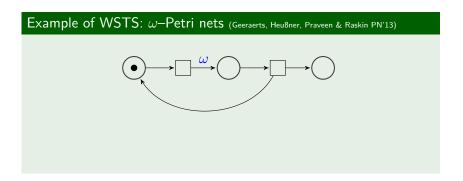
Multiple decidability results are known for finitely branching WSTS.

Example of WSTS: Petri nets (Geeraerts, Heußner, Praveen & Raskin PN'13)

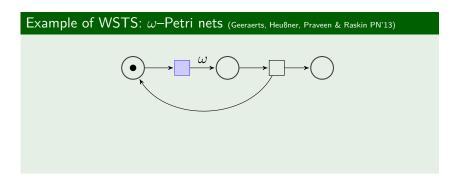


 $\mathsf{Post}(\odot \bigcirc \bigcirc) = \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$

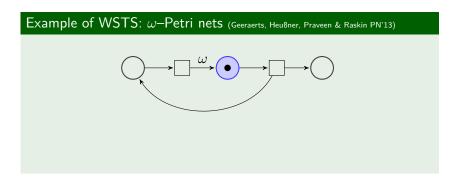
Overview WSTS Reachability problems



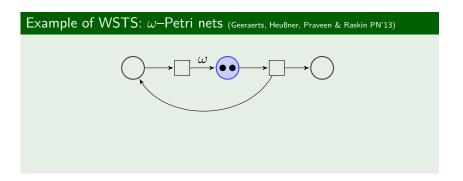
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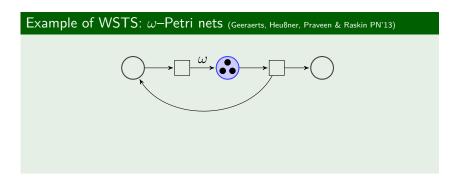
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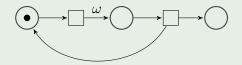
Overview WSTS Reachability problems



Overview WSTS Reachability problems

How to handle infinitely branching WSTS such as systems with infinitely many initial states, and parametric systems?

Example of WSTS: ω -Petri nets (Geeraerts, Heußner, Praveen & Raskin PN'13)



 $\mathsf{Post}(\odot \bigcirc \bigcirc) = \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc$, $\bigcirc \odot \bigcirc$, $\bigcirc \odot \bigcirc$, $\bigcirc \odot \bigcirc$, \ldots

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

- $S = (X,
 ightarrow, \leq)$ where
 - X set,
 - $\rightarrow \subseteq X \times X$,
 - monotony,
 - well-quasi-ordered.



Overview WSTS Reachability problems

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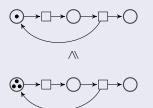
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- $S = (X,
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 - $\label{eq:stars} \bullet \ \to \subseteq \mathbb{N}^3 \times \mathbb{N}^3,$
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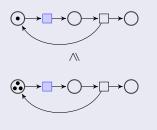
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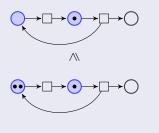
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Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Well-structured transition system (Finkel ICALP'87, Finkel & Schnoebelen TCS'01)

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$$\begin{array}{cccc} & x & \rightarrow & y \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & x' & \xrightarrow{*} & y' \end{array}$$

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- $S = (X,
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 - X set,
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 - strong monotony,
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- $S = (X, \rightarrow, \leq)$ where
 - X set,
 - $\rightarrow \subseteq X \times X$,
 - monotony,
 - well-quasi-ordered:
 - $\forall x_0, x_1, \dots \exists i < j \text{ s.t. } x_i \leq x_j.$

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Branching

A WSTS (X, \rightarrow, \leq) is *finitely branching* if Post(x) is finite for every $x \in X$.

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Some finitely branching WSTS

Petri nets, vector addition systems,

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- Petri nets, vector addition systems,
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- Lossy channel systems (Abdulla, Cerans, Jonsson & Tsay LICS'96),

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Some finitely branching WSTS

- Petri nets, vector addition systems,
- Counter machines with affine updates,
- Lossy channel systems (Abdulla, Cerans, Jonsson & Tsay LICS'96),
- Much more.

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■ Inserting FIFO automata (Cécé, Finkel, Iyer IC'96),

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- Inserting automata (Bouyer, Markey, Ouaknine, Schnoebelen, Worrell FAC'12),

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- Inserting FIFO automata (Cécé, Finkel, Iyer IC'96),
- Inserting automata (Bouyer, Markey, Ouaknine, Schnoebelen, Worrell FAC'12),
- ω-Petri nets (Geeraerts, Heussner, Praveen & Raskin PN'13),
- Parametric WSTS.

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Objective

We want to study the usual reachability problems for these infinitely branching systems, e.g.,

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- Termination,
- Coverability,



Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Objective

We want to study the usual reachability problems for these infinitely branching systems, e.g.,

- Termination,
- Coverability,
- Boundedness.



Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Termination

Input:
$$(X, \rightarrow, \leq)$$
 a WSTS, $x_0 \in X$.

Question: $\exists x_0 \rightarrow x_1 \rightarrow x_2 \rightarrow \ldots$?



Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Termination

Input:
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Theorem (Finkel ICALP'87)

Termination is decidable for finitely branching WSTS with transitive monotony.

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

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Theorem (deduced from Dufourd, Jančar & Schnoebelen ICALP'99)

Termination is <u>undecidable</u> for infinitely branching WSTS.

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

<u><u> </u></u>		
Strong	termi	nation
S SB		

Input: (X, \rightarrow, \leq) a WSTS, $x_0 \in X$.

Question: $\exists k$ bounding length of executions from x_0 ?

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Strong termination		
Input:	$(X, ightarrow,\leq)$ a WSTS, $x_0\in X.$	
Question:	$\exists k$ bounding length of executions from x_0 ?	

Remark

Strong termination and termination are the same in finitely branching WSTS.

Introduction
WSTS completion
Applications
Conclusion

Overview WSTS Reachability problems

Strong termination		
Input:	$(X, ightarrow,\leq)$ a WSTS, $x_0\in X.$	
Question:	$\exists k$ bounding length of executions from x_0 ?	

Theorem

Strong termination is decidable for infinitely branching WSTS under some assumptions.

Ideals Completion

Issues with finite branching techniques

Some techniques for WSTS based on finite reachability trees; impossible for infinite branching.

Some rely on upward closed sets; what about downward closed, in particular with infinite branching?

ldeals Completion

Issues with finite branching techniques

Some techniques for WSTS based on finite reachability trees; impossible for infinite branching.

Some rely on upward closed sets; what about downward closed, in particular with infinite branching?

A tool

Develop from the WSTS *completion* introduced by Finkel & Goubault-Larrecq 2009.

Ideals Completion

- $I \subseteq X$ is an *ideal* if
 - downward closed: $I = \downarrow I$,



Ideals Completion

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 - directed: $a, b \in I \implies \exists c \in I \text{ s.t. } a \leq c \text{ and } b \leq c$.



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Ideals Completion

Theorem (Finkel & Goubault-Larrecq ICALP'09; Goubault-Larrecq '14)

$$D$$
 downward closed $\implies D = \bigcup_{\text{finite}} \text{Ideals}$



Ideals Completion

Theorem (Finkel & Goubault-Larrecq ICALP'09; Goubault-Larrecq '14)

$$D$$
 downward closed $\implies D = \bigcup_{\text{finite}} \text{Ideals}$



Corollary

Every downward closed set decomposes $\underline{\text{canonically}}$ as the union of its maximal ideals.

Ideals Completion

Completion

The completion of $S=(X,
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Ideals Completion

Completion

The completion of $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ is $\widehat{S} = (\widehat{X}, \rightarrow_{\widehat{S}}, \subseteq)$ such that

■
$$\hat{X} = \text{Ideals}(X),$$

■ $I \rightarrow_{\widehat{S}} J \text{ if } \downarrow \text{Post}(I) = \underbrace{\dots \cup J \cup \dots}_{\text{canonical decomposition}}$

Ideals Completion

Theorem

Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS, then $\widehat{S} = (\widehat{X}, \rightarrow_{\widehat{S}}, \subseteq)$ such that

• \widehat{S} is finitely branching,

Ideals Completion

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Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS, then $\widehat{S} = (\widehat{X}, \rightarrow_{\widehat{S}}, \subseteq)$ such that

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Ideals Completion

Theorem

Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS, then $\widehat{S} = (\widehat{X}, \rightarrow_{\widehat{S}}, \subseteq)$ such that

- \widehat{S} is finitely branching,
- \widehat{S} has (strong) monotony,
- \hat{S} is not always a WSTS (Jančar IPL'99).

Termination Coverability

Let
$$S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$$
 be a WSTS, then

• if
$$x \xrightarrow{k} g y$$
,

Termination Coverability

Let
$$S = (X, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}, \leq)$$
 be a WSTS, then

• if
$$x \xrightarrow{k} g$$
, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$

Termination Coverability

Relating executions of S and \widehat{S}

Let
$$S = (X, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}, \leq)$$
 be a WSTS, then

• if $x \xrightarrow{k} g$, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$ there exists an ideal $J \supseteq \downarrow y$

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Relating executions of S and \widehat{S}

Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS, then

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, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$ there exists an ideal $J \supseteq \downarrow y$ such that $I \xrightarrow{k} g J$,

• if
$$I \xrightarrow{k}{3} J$$
,

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• if
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, then for every $y \in J$

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• if
$$I \xrightarrow{k}{\widehat{S}} J$$
, then for every $y \in J$ there exists $x \in I$

Termination Coverability

Relating executions of S and \widehat{S}

Let
$$S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$$
 be a WSTS, then

• if
$$x \xrightarrow{k} g y$$
, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$ there exists an ideal $J \supseteq \downarrow y$ such that $I \xrightarrow{k} g J$,

■ if $I \xrightarrow{k}{S} J$, then for every $y \in J$ there exists $x \in I$ such that $x \xrightarrow{*}{\to} y' \ge y$.

Termination Coverability

Relating executions of S and \hat{S}

Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS with transitive monotony, then

- if $x \xrightarrow{k} g$, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$ there exists an ideal $J \supseteq \downarrow y$ such that $I \xrightarrow{k} \widehat{g} J$,
- if $I \xrightarrow{k} \hat{S} J$, then for every $y \in J$ there exists $x \in I$ such that $x \xrightarrow{\geq k} S y' \geq y$.

Termination Coverability

Relating executions of S and \widehat{S}

Let $S = (X, \rightarrow_S, \leq)$ be a WSTS with strong monotony, then

- if $x \xrightarrow{k} g$, then for every ideal $I \supseteq \downarrow x$ there exists an ideal $J \supseteq \downarrow y$ such that $I \xrightarrow{k} g$,
- if $I \xrightarrow{k} \hat{S} J$, then for every $y \in J$ there exists $x \in I$ such that $x \xrightarrow{k} S y' \ge y$.

Termination Coverability

Theorem

Strong termination is decidable for infinitely branching WSTS with transitive monotony and such that \hat{S} is a post-effective WSTS.

Termination Coverability

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Post-effectiveness

Possible to compute cardinality of

 $\mathsf{Post}(\odot \bigcirc \bigcirc) = \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc, \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc, \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc, \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc, \ldots$

Termination Coverability

Theorem

Strong termination is decidable for infinitely branching WSTS with transitive monotony and such that \hat{S} is a post-effective WSTS.

Proof

• Executions bounded in S iff bounded in \hat{S} .

Theorem

Strong termination is decidable for infinitely branching WSTS with transitive monotony and such that \hat{S} is a post-effective WSTS.

Proof

- Executions bounded in *S* iff bounded in \hat{S} .
- \hat{S} finitely branching, can decide termination in \hat{S} by Finkel & Schnoebelen 2001.

Termination Coverability

Coverability

Input:
$$(X, \rightarrow, \leq)$$
 a WSTS, $x_0, x \in X$.
Question: $x_0 \xrightarrow{*} x' \geq x$?



Termination Coverability

Coverability

Input:
$$(X, \rightarrow, \leq)$$
 a WSTS, $x_0, x \in X$.
Question: $x_0 \in \uparrow \operatorname{Pre}^*(\uparrow x)$?



Backward method (Abdulla, Cerans, Jonsson & Tsay IC'00)

Compute $\uparrow \operatorname{Pre}^*(\uparrow x)$ iteratively assuming $\uparrow \operatorname{Pre}(U)$ computable.

Termination Coverability

Coverability



Backward method (Abdulla, Cerans, Jonsson & Tsay IC'00)

Compute $\uparrow \operatorname{Pre}^*(\uparrow x)$ iteratively assuming $\uparrow \operatorname{Pre}(U)$ computable.

Termination Coverability

Coverability

Input: (X, \rightarrow, \leq) a WSTS, $x_0, x \in X$. Question: $x \in \downarrow \text{Post}^*(x_0)$?



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Forward method

Coverability:

- Enumerate executions $\downarrow x_0 \xrightarrow{*}_{\widehat{S}} I$,
- Accept if $x \in I$.

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Forward method

Coverability:

- Enumerate executions $\downarrow x_0 \xrightarrow{*}_{\widehat{S}} I$,
- Accept if $x \in I$.

Non coverability:

- Enumerate $D \subseteq X$ downward closed, $x_0 \in D$ and $\downarrow \text{Post}_S(D) \subseteq D$
- Reject if $x \notin D$.

Termination Coverability

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Input:
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• Enumerate $D = I_1 \cup \ldots \cup I_k$

Reject if $x \notin D$.

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Further results for infinitely branching WSTS

Boundedness is decidable for post-effective WSTS with strict monotony,

Further results for infinitely branching WSTS

- Boundedness is decidable for post-effective WSTS with strict monotony,
- Strong maintainability is decidable for WSTS with strong monotony and such that \hat{S} is a post-effective WSTS.

Further work

■ ∃ general class of infinitely branching WSTS with a Karp-Miller procedure?

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- Toward the algorithmics of complete WSTS.

Further work

- ∃ general class of infinitely branching WSTS with a Karp-Miller procedure?
- Toward the algorithmics of complete WSTS.
- What else can we do with the WSTS completion?

Thank you!